# LILIES OF BRISTOL: Welfare Costs for Being a Great Woman?

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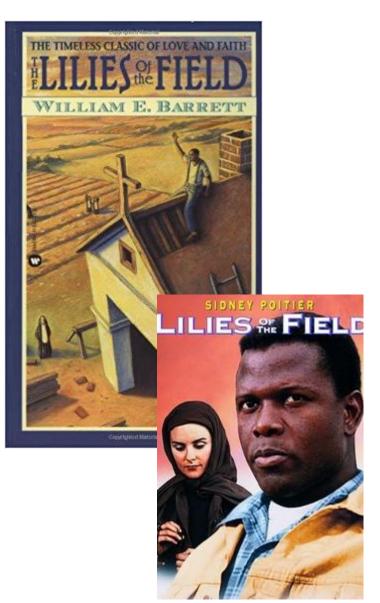
## Agenda

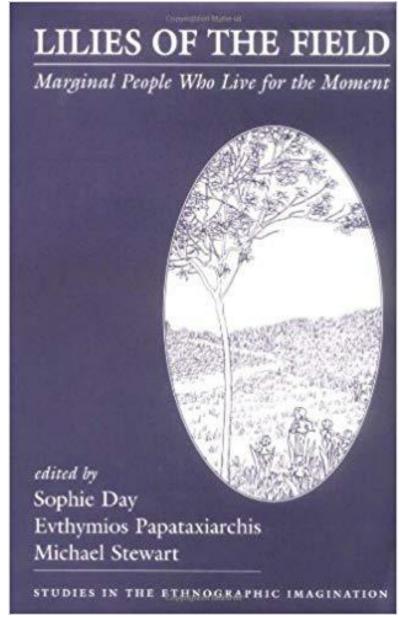
- Phenomenon
- Literature & Definitions
- Research Question
- Hypotheses
- Data & Methods
- Preliminary Results

# THE WOMEN WHO BUILT BRISTOL 1184-2018



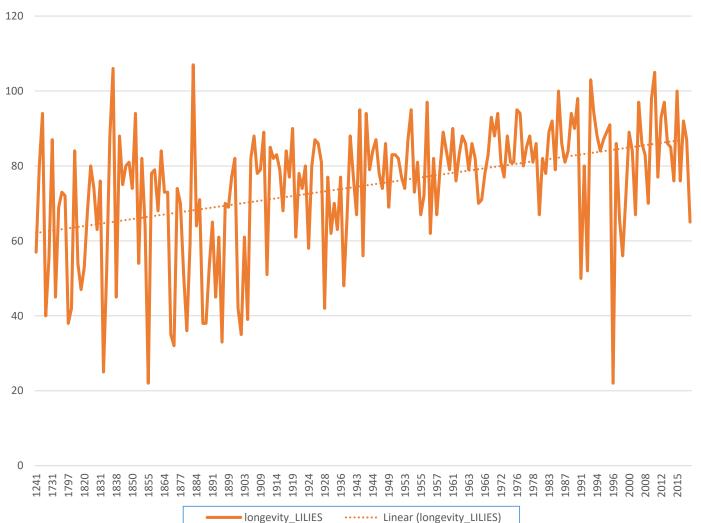
Jane Duffus





#### Phenomenon





" ... a newborn baby girl 82.9 years if mortality rates remain the same as they were in the UK in 2014 to 2016 throughout their lives."

#### ONS:

https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationan dcommunity/birthsdeathsandmarriages/lifee xpectancies/bulletins/nationallifetablesunite dkingdom/2014to2016

#### Literature

#### Intrinsic Motivation:

- Psychological motivation
- Consumption and investment
- Crowding out and endogeneity

#### Altruism

- Motivation natural cost benefit analysis
- Effects welfare gains

## Literature – indiv. prosocial behaviour

- Psychological motivation
  - (Taylor; Maslow, Herzberg) -> Skitovsky (1976)
  - Wilson & Butler (1978) "Race and Job Satisfaction in the Military", Sociological Quarterly 19:626-638.
  - Mueller & McDuff (2004) Clergy-Congregation Mismatches and Clergy Job Satisfaction, J. of the Scientific Study of Religion 43(2): 261-273.
- Consumption and investment
  - Benabou & Tirole (2003) Intrinsic and Extrinsic Motivation, Review of Econ. Studies 70: 489–520
  - Delfgaauw & Dur (2005) Signaling and Screening of WorkersíMotivation, Tinbergen Institute TI 2002-050/3
- Crowding out and endogeneity
  - Frey & Jegen (2001) Motivation Crowding Theory, J of Econ. Surveys, 15(5): 589-611
  - Brunoa & Fiorillo (2012) Why without pay?, J of Socio-Economics 41(5): 659-669.
  - Besley & Ghatak (2016) Market Incentives and the Evolution of Intrinsic Motivation, Manuscript.
  - Czaicki et al. (2018) Do incentives undermine intrinsic motivation? Increases in intrinsic motivation within an incentive-based intervention for people living with HIV in Tanzania, PLOS One.

#### Altruism

- Motivation natural cost benefit analysis Hamilton's Rule Becker (1974); Bergstrom (1986);
- Effects welfare gains Pearson (2016): The Life Project: The Extraordinary Story of 70,000 Ordinary Lives

Besley and Ghatak (2016)
Market Incentives and the Evolution of Intrinsic Motivation

- Durkheim (1893) and Polanyi (1944)
- transformation in culture is a sine qua non of economic change

Bourdieu (1998)

Masculine Domination, Standford Uni Press: Stanford.

Social construct

### Question:

• What personal characteristics & actions determine their longevity?

How the social construct affects their longevity?

• H01: Lilies' longevity depends on their 'ends and means'.

LILIES Longevity = 
$$\theta_1$$
Demogr +  $\theta_2$ Altruism + +  $\theta_3$ Econ\_class +  $e_1$ , (1)

• H02: Lilies' longevity depends on the social construct (endogenous to economic dev.).

LILIES Longevity = 
$$\theta_1$$
Indiv\_controls +  $\theta_2$ Historic\_Events +  $e_2$ , (2.1)

+ 
$$\theta_2 F_Historic_Events + e_2$$
, (2.2)

+ 
$$\theta_2$$
Inequality +  $e_2$ , (2.3)

#### Data

- 250 great women from Bristol 1184 2018
  - occupation, parents status, marital status, own children, economic class
  - altruistic activity
  - Disability
- Max Planck The Human Mortality Database:
  - England & Wales, Life expectancy at birth, 1841-2011
  - Cummins (2017) Lifespans of the European Elite, 800-1800, J of Econ History, 77(2): 406-439.
- Manchester Metropolitan University The Women Timeline in the UK
- Atkinson et al. (2017) Chartbook of Economic Inequality
  - share of top 1% in total net wealth 1900 2015

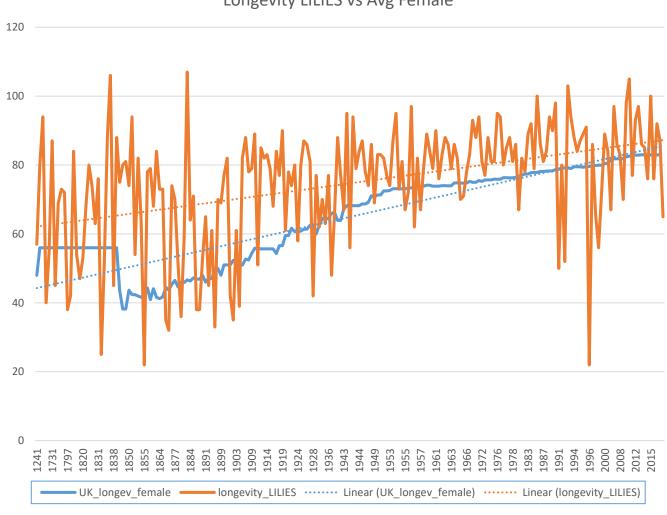
## Methods

• OLS - exploration

Nested model for capturing the social construct

## Preliminary Results – 1a





## Preliminary Results – 1b

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
longevityc~d	206	74.3301	17.8803	0	107
birth	215	1845.53	79.92302	1184	1974
death	217	1917.627	91.01192	1241	2017
UK_lon~emale	216	64.63199	12.9089	38.17	83.04
UK_lon~_male	185	61.12476	12.68062	36.54	79.42
UK longev ~1	185	63.64222	13.02018	37.34	81.25
inequality	96	50.03531	15.76319	15.78	72.09
pre_Ind_re~n	260	.0384615	.1926786	0	1
industrial~v	260	.9615385	.1926786	0	1
post_WW2	260	.5461538	.4988255	0	1
suffrage	260	.6730769	.4699936	0	1
post_suffr~e	260	.2461538	.4316	0	1

## Preliminary Results -2a reg longevity pre\_Ind\_revolution post\_WW2

Table 2a: Historic Event

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	206
				F(2, 203)	=	15.97
Model	8911.55693	2	4455.77847	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Residual	56627.9965	203	278.955648	R-squared	=	0.1360
				Adj R-squared	=	0.1275
Total	65539.5534	205	319.705139	Root MSE	=	16.702

longevitycleaned	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
pre_Ind_revolution	-2.838755	6.527844	-0.43	0.664	-15.70983	10.03232
post_WW2	12.94696	2.368211	5.47	0.000	8.277513	17.61641
_cons	68.26733	1.661908	41.08	0.000	64.99051	71.54414

- . gen industrial rev = death > 1759
- . replace industrial rev = 0 if death > 1946 (140 real changes made)
- . reg longevity industrial rev post WW2

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	206
				F(2, 203)	=	15.90
Model	8875.95489	2	4437.97745	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Residual	56663.5985	203	279.131027	R-squared	=	0.1354
				Adj R-squared	=	0.1269
Total	65539.5534	205	319.705139	Root MSE	=	16.707

longevitycle~d	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
industrial_rev	14.52639	6.085986	0.25	0.804	-10.49124	13.50847
post_WW2		6.092882	2.38	0.018	2.51294	26.53984
_cons		5.914219	11.27	0.000	55.01132	78.33368

## Preliminary Results – 2b

Table 2b: F\_Historic Event

Linear regress:	ion			Number of	obs =	206
				F(1, 204)	=	30.56
				Prob > F	=	0.0000
				R-squared	=	0.1453
				Root MSE	=	16.571
longevityc~d	Coef.	Robust Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
suffrage	13.98405	2.529532	5.53	0.000	8.996674	18.97143
_cons	65.70886	2.171766	30.26	0.000	61.42688	69.99085
. reg longevit	ycleaned post	_s, ro				
Linear regress	ion			Number of	obs =	206
_				F(1, 204)	=	1.73
				Prob > F	=	0.1895
				R-squared	=	0.0133
				Root MSE	=	17.804
		Robust				
longevitycl~d	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval
post_suffrage	-6.955376	5.283566	-1.32	0.190	-17.37278	3.46202
_cons	75.00538	1.258188	59.61	0.000	72.52466	77.486
. reg longevit	ycleaned suf	post_s, ro				
	_	post_s, ro		Number of	obs =	206
	_	post_s, ro		Number of F(2, 203)		
	_	post_s, ro			=	24.15
	_	post_s, ro		F(2, 203)	=	24.15 0.0000
	_	post_s, ro		F(2, 203) Prob > F	=	24.15 0.0000 0.1944
	_	post_s, ro		F(2, 203) Prob > F R-squared	= = =	24.15 0.0000 0.1944
	_		t	F(2, 203) Prob > F R-squared	= = =	24.15 0.0000 0.1944 16.127
Linear regress	ion	Robust	t 6.65	F(2, 203) Prob > F R-squared Root MSE	= = = =	24.15 0.0000 0.1944 16.127
Linear regress	ion Coef.	Robust Std. Err.		F(2, 203) Prob > F R-squared Root MSE	= = = = [95% Conf.	0.1944 16.127

## Preliminary Results – 2c

Table 2c: Inequality

. reg longevitycleaned inequality, ro

Linear regression	Number of obs	=	96
	F(1, 94)	=	0.07
	Prob > F	=	0.7936
	R-squared	=	0.0014
	Root MSE	=	13.637

longevityc~d	Coef.	Robust Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
inequality	.0316784	.1207254	0.26	0.794	2080247	.2713816
_cons	78.66496	6.626311	11.87		65.50826	91.82165

## Preliminary Results – 3a

Table 3a: Individual - Descriptive

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
longevity	40	74.025	15.05117	18	100
birth	42	1841.524	124.1909	1184	1943
death	41	1920.244	124.1662	1241	2016
placeofbirth	44	.5681818	.501056	0	1
placeofmai~y	44	.3409091	. 479495	0	1
altruistic~y	44	. 4545455	.5036862	0	1
imprisonment	44	.1136364	.3210382	0	1
forcered	44	.0681818	.2549717	0	1
interests	44	.3181818	. 4711553	0	1
parentalfa~h	44	.3636364	.4866071	0	1
ownfamily	44	.5	.5057805	0	1
widow	44	.1363636	.3471418	0	1
children	44	. 25	.4380188	0	1
suffrage	44	.1363636	.3471418	0	1
disabled	44	.1818182	.3901537	0	1
medicine	44	.2045455	.4080325	0	1
edu	44	.1136364	.3210382	0	1
art	44	.2045455	.4080325	0	1
politics	44	. 2954545	.4615215	0	1

## Preliminary Results – 3b

Linear regression

Table 3b: Individual - Effects

Number of obs = 40 F( 9, 30) = 2.54 Prob > F = 0.0267 R-squared = 0.2143 Root MSE = 15.212

		Robust				
longevity	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf.	Interval]
parentalfamilyrich	3.896548	4.717298	0.83	0.415	-5.737459	13.53056
altruisticactivity	-1.587647	4.209765	-0.38	0.709	-10.18513	7.00984
ownfamily	-13.38112	7.721916	-1.73	0.093	-29.15138	2.389133
widow	15.61002	6.560056	2.38	0.024	2.212602	29.00744
children	13.58566	6.793806	2.00	0.055	2891388	27.46047
disabled	-7.662488	6.186156	-1.24	0.225	-20.2963	4.971328
medicine	1.960093	7.285455	0.27	0.790	-12.91879	16.83898
edu	-10.54651	3.426804	-3.08	0.004	-17.54498	-3.548044
politics	-3.928794	4.884333	-0.80	0.428	-13.90393	6.046345
_cons	77.90458	4.412751	17.65	0.000	68.89254	86.91662

### Considerations for further research

- Transcribe individual data for all 250
- Additional 250 artists again from Jane Duffus in 2019
- Nested model

Any ideas?